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Windsor, September 24.

THE following Addresses have been presented to the Queen, congratulating Her Majesty on the Glorious Victory obtain'd over the *French* near *Audenarde*, by the Forces of Her Majesty and Her Allies, commanded by his Grace the Duke of *Marlborough*.

The humble Address of the Mayor, High-Steward, Recorder, Aldermen, Town Clerk, Assistants, and Common-Council of the Borough of *Colchester*; presented to Her Majesty by Sir *Isaac Rebow*, High-Steward, and Sir *Thomas Webster*, Bar. their Representatives in Parliament.

The humble Address of the Bishop and Clergy of the Diocese of *Kapho* in *Ireland*, at the Visitation held the 18th of *August*, 1708. at *Kapho* in the County of *Donegall*; presented to Her Majesty by his Excellency the Earl of *Pembroke*, Lord-Liuteenant of *Ireland*.

Which Addresses Her Majesty receiv'd very graciously.

Journal from the Camp before Lisle.

September 24. N. S. The Trenches were reliev'd by Lieutenant-General Wilke, Major-General Zoutland, and Brigadier Keppel, with 5 Battalions on the Right, and 7 on the Left. This Night was employ'd in advancing the Sap towards the two Grand Breaches, and along the Ditches of the two Counterguards; the Miners also began 2 Mines in order to blow up the Traverses, behind which the Enemy continue in those Works. We likewise made some Progress in the Bridges, to pass the Ditch of the Horn-work on the Right, and continu'd the Lodgments before the Ravelin on the Right. Our Loss this Night was very inconsiderable. The 25th the Trenches were reliev'd by Lieutenant-General Sparr, Major-General Soble, and Brigadier Boisset, with the usual Number of Battalions on the Right and Left. The Sap was carried on before the Breaches, within 10 Paces of the Palisadoes, and along the Faces of the Ravelin on the Right. The Miners continu'd to work at two Mines before the Breach on the Left; as also at the Mines to blow up the Traverses of the Counterguards, with very little Loss. The 26th the Trenches were reliev'd by Lieutenant-General Arnan, Major-General Sacken, and Brigadier Temple, with the same number of Battalions as formerly for each Attack; the Saps and Mines were advanc'd with good Success, and little or no Loss. The 27th the Prince of Holstein-Beck reliev'd the Trenches with Major-General Soble, Brigadier Boisset, and the usual Number of Battalions. The Sap was considerably advanc'd along the Face of the Ravelin and the Counterguard on the Right; on the Left the Saps were likewise continu'd, and several Mines carried on in the Counterguards, and before the grand Breach. We had this Night near 50 Men kill'd and wounded; about break of Day the Enemy sprung a Mine before the Breach on the Right, which was so far from doing us any Damage, that it may turn to our Advantage by securing our Lodgment there. The 28th the Trenches were relieved by Lieutenant-General Wilke, Major-General Collyer, and Brigadier Wassenaer, with the former Number of Battalions; the Night was employ'd in working in the several Saps and Mines.

From the Camp before Lisle, September 28. *N. S.* The Enemy having form'd a Design to send a Supply of Powder into the Town, several of their Squadrons were perceiv'd about Midnight advancing towards our Outguards on the way from Douay; and being challeng'd, answered, they were of the Duke of Marlborough's Army; but, upon Discovery, they made the best of their way towards the Town, whereupon our Guard fired upon them; which alarming the Camp, the next Regiments ran out of their Tents, and making a Discharge upon them, set Fire to several of the Bags of Powder which they carried before them, which blew up above 60 of the Enemy with their Horses; the greatest part of them thereupon retired towards the Enemy, and we took above 50 Prisoners, with the Marquis de Bethune, Lieutenant-Colonel, a Major, a Captain, and two Subalterns. The Prisoners report, this Attempt was made upon a pressing Demand from Monsieur Boufflers to the Duke of Vendosme for Ammunition; that the Detachment consisted of 15 Squadrons, commanded by the Chevalier de Luxembourg, a Major-General; and that very few of them got into the Town, and those only of the advanced Guard: Those who retired threw away their Powder, great Quantities of which were found by our Men upon the Roads.

From the Camp before Lisle, *Sept. 29. N. S.* The Trenches were relieved by Baron Sparr, Lieutenant-General, Major-General Zoutland, and Brigadier Keppel, with 5 Battalions on the Right, and 7 on the Left. About 6 in the Evening a Signal was made by the Discharge of two Batteries of Mortars, and a Mine sprung at the same time under the Traverse of the Counterguard on the Left; the Mine had such Effect, that our Granadiers got over, and forced the Enemy into their Communication of Retreat; the Workmen followed and made a Lodgment on the Traverse. On the Right we made another Opening, in order to make a new Lodgment on the Counterguard, which will take off the Fire the Enemy might make from thence to hinder the Passage of the Ditch towards the Ravelin, between the two Counterguards. We likewise advanced the Sap in three different Places, and mounted 5 Pieces of Cannon, which soon destroy'd the Communication of the Ravelin on the Right with the Horn-work. The 30th the Trenches were relieved by Lieutenant-General Wilke, Major-General Vickenback, and Brigadier Boisset, with the usual Number of Battalions for each Attack. The Night was employed in carrying on the Saps, and in raising a Work on the Right to look into the Cover'd-way before the Grand Breach. It is observed that the Enemy's Fire from the Town is very much abated, which we impute to the want of Powder; and two Deserters, who came out of the Place Yesterday, say, they are already forced to make use of the Magazine which was designed for the defence of the Cittadel.

From the Camp at Lannoy, *Sept. 27. N. S.* Six hundred Waggons being order'd some Days since from our Army, and that of the Siege, under a Guard of 1200 Horse and as many Foot, to bring a further Supply of Ammunition for the Siege, from Ostend; his Grace the Duke of Marlborough has an Account, that they passed the Canal of Newport the 24th at Leffinghen, and that our Troops had taken Post there. The same Day, upon Notice that Monsieur de la Motte was arriv'd at Bruges with his Detachment, Brigadier Ehz was order'd to march with 6 Battalions to Meorseele on the other side the Lys; and his Grace having further Advice, that the Duke of Berwick was gone with a Detachment into Flanders, Major-General Webb march'd yesterday with 12 Battalions more the same way, for the Security of that Convoy; and the Horse appointed for that Service is reinforc'd to the Number of 38 Squadrons. His Grace has order'd a Camp to be mark'd, which extends with the Left near Menin; the Baggage is already sent thither, and it is intended the Army shall march on Saturday. The Enemy continue in their former Situation between Audenarde and Tournay, and we are told are making Retrenchments along the Scheld between those Towns; they have likewise transported a Train of Artillery from their Frontier Towns to Ghent.

From the Camp at Lannoy, Sept. 28. *N. S.* Major-General Cadogan sent his Grace an Account from Tourhout this Morning, that the Convoy of Ammunition which came out of Ostend yesterday, had past the Canal of Newport, and was on the March towards Rousselaer. A Detachment of 12 Companies of Granadiers, which he sent to possess themselves of Oudenburgh, where they were to pass, arrived there at the same time that 1000 Foot and 300 Horse came thither from the Duke of Berwick's Army with the same Intention; they attacked our Men, but after a pretty warm Dispute, were quite beat out of the Village, and retired towards Bruges: They had a Lieutenant-Colonel kill'd, and a great many private Men killed and wounded; on our side was a Captain killed, and another wounded, but we have lost very few Men. The Major-General sent 12 more Companies of Granadiers and two

Battalions,